

vermont



passive house



Energy Efficient Buildings



Passive House Buildings – Mitigating Climate Change

Implementing the Passive House Building Standard to minimize the energy intensity and CO₂ emissions in buildings

House Committee on
Natural Resources
Act 250 & Climate Change

www.vtph.org

January 23, 2020

Presenters Credentials

Peg Elmer Hough

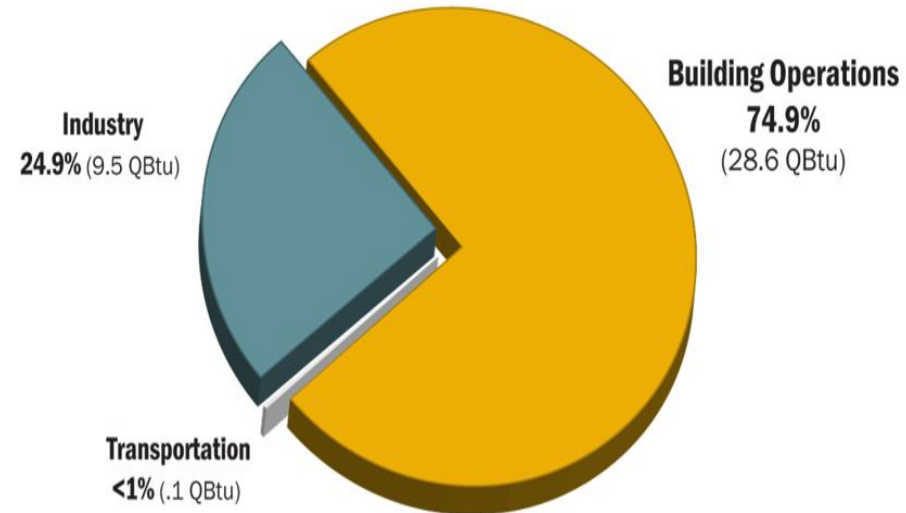
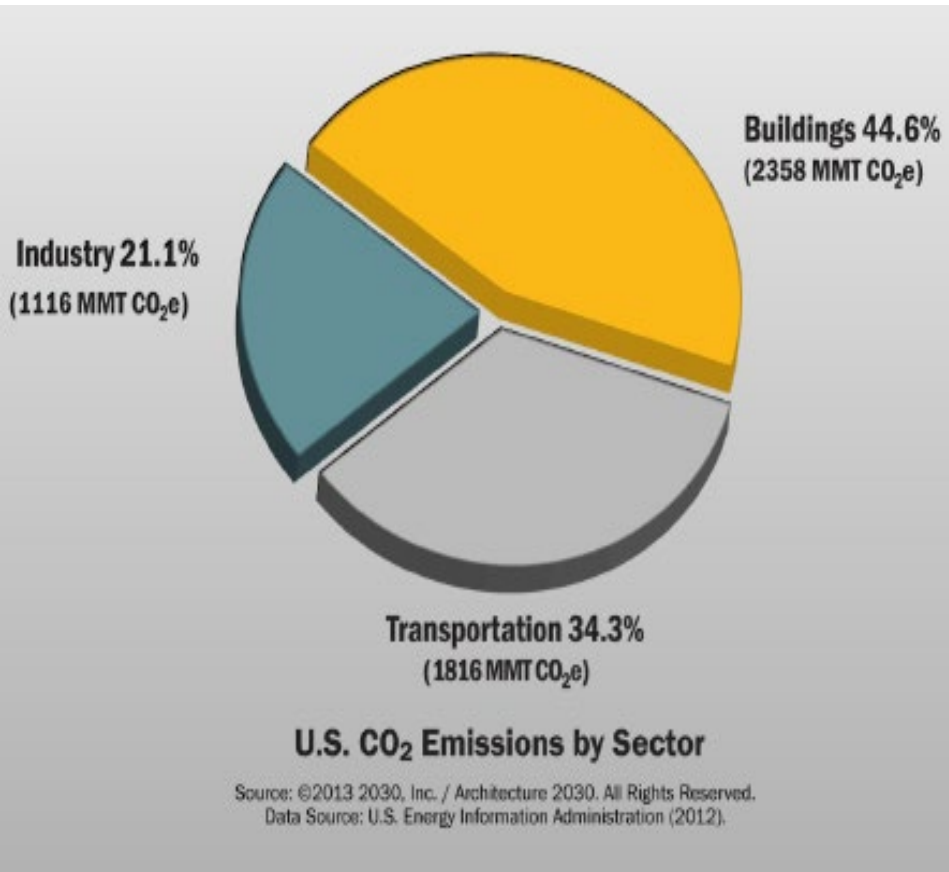
- 40+ Years Veteran Planner
- Town Planner/Zoning Administrator in Chittenden County
- Trained in details of A250 working for the Environmental Board, then ANR (managed “Act 250 Club” across state agencies and staffed Gov Kunin’s Commission on VT’s Future)
- VNRC Land Use Program Director, then Planning Director at Commerce Agency (incl’d first State Hazard Mitigation Plan) guiding emerging smart growth initiatives
- Prof. of land use law and policy at VLS, appointed to “smart growth seat” on Downtown Board

Enrique Bueno

- Chemical Engineer
- 40 Years experience in basic industries – Cement, Aluminum and Steel production
- 9 Years specialized in Building Science and Passive House Buildings
- Founding member of the VT Passive House NPO 5013C
- Board Chair of the VT Passive House organization
- Certified Passive House Consultant

The Problem

Building Operations and Materials have a mayor impact on CO₂ emissions



67% from Fossil Fuels*

U.S. Electricity Consumption by Sector

Source: ©2013 2030, Inc. / Architecture 2030. All Rights Reserved.
Data Source: U.S. Energy Information Administration (2012).

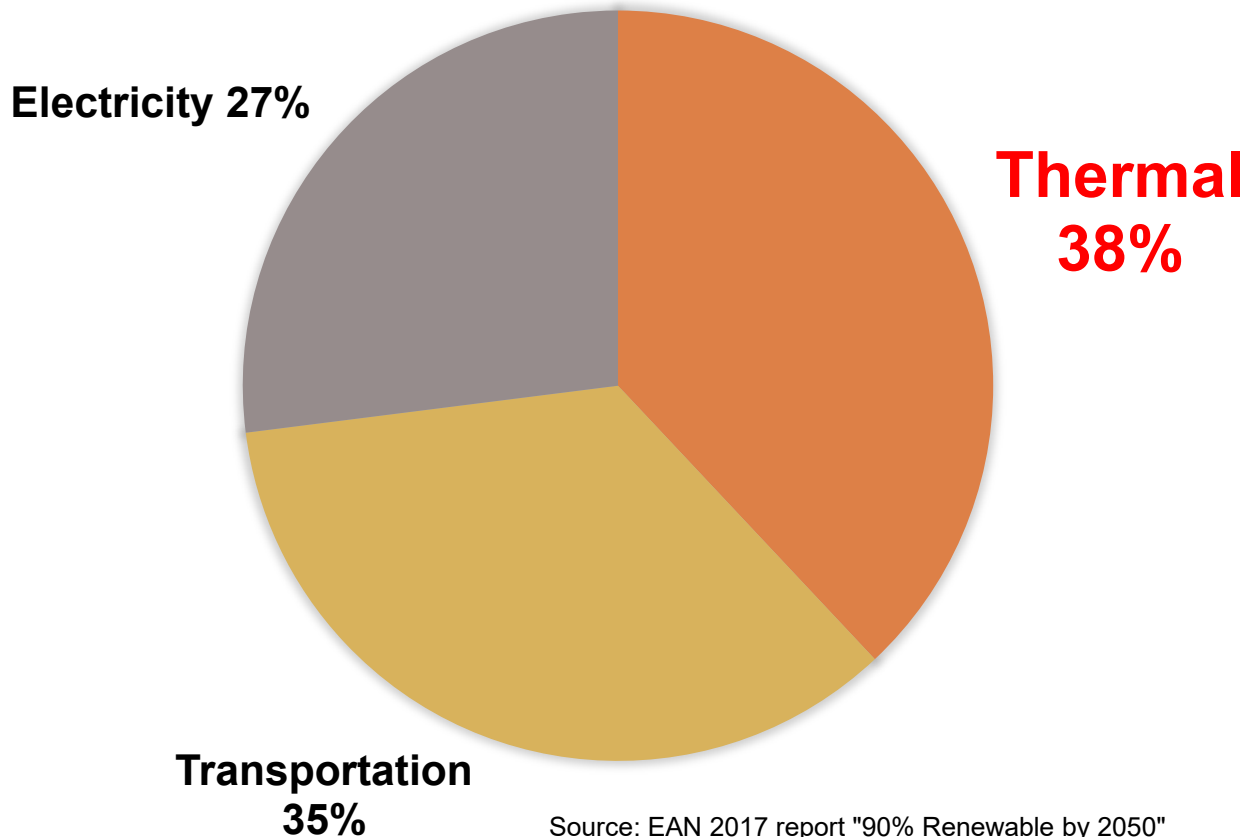
*US-EIA 2014

*US-EIA 2014

The Problem in VT

76% of Thermal comes from Fossil Fuels

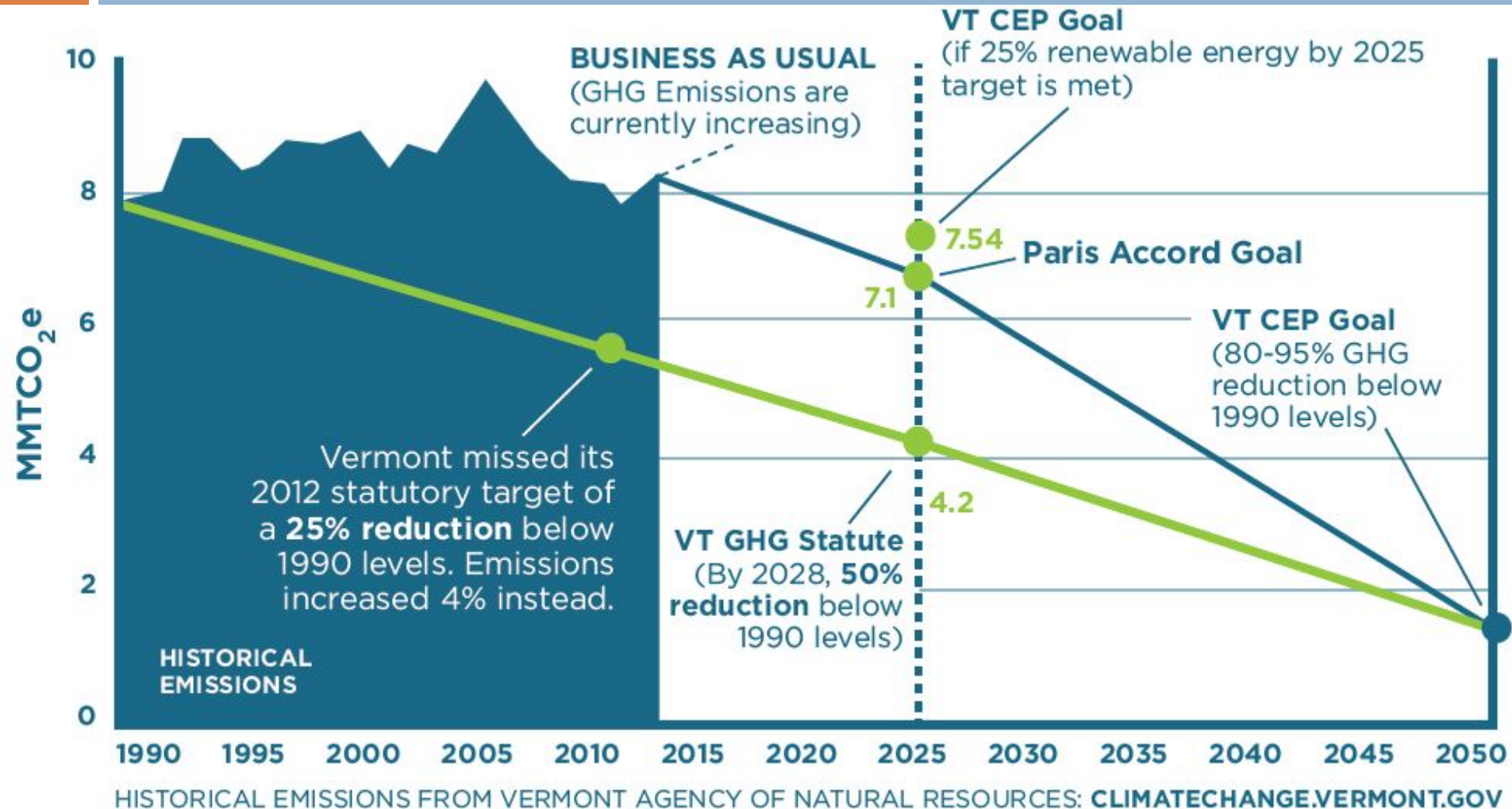
VT ENERGY USE BY SECTOR



Source: EAN 2017 report "90% Renewable by 2050"

The Problem in VT

**VT's CO2 emissions increased by 11% from 2012 to 2015
by 2015 we were 55% above the goal**



What are we proposing to contribute to the Solution?

Adoption of the Passive House Standard as RBES

ZERH Staircase

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF **ENERGY** | Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy

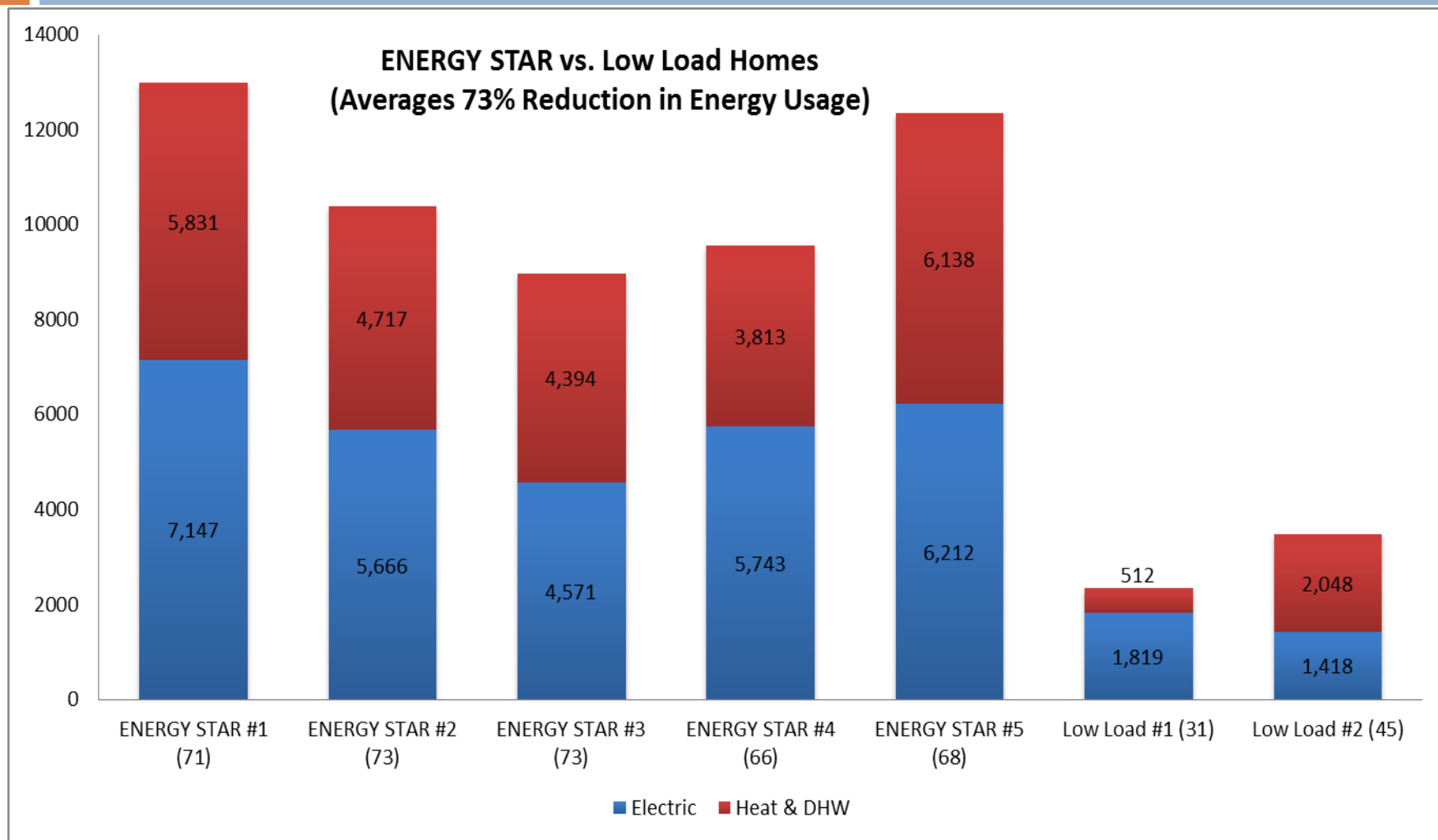


				Solar Ready	Solar Ready
				Eff. Comps. & H ₂ O	Eff. Comps. & H ₂ O
				EPA Indoor Air Package	EPA Indoor Air Package
				Optimized Duct Location	Optimized Duct Location
		HVAC QI with WHV	HVAC QI with WHV	HVAC QI with WHV	HVAC QI plus HRV
		Water Management	Water Management	Water Management	Water Management
Independent HERS Verif.	Independent HERS Verif.	Independent HERS Verif.	Independent HERS Verif.	Independent HERS Verif.	Independent PHIUS Verif.
IECC 2009 Enclosure	IECC 2012 Enclosure	IECC 2009 Enclosure	IECC 2012 Enclosure	IECC 2012/15 Encl./ES Win.	Ultra-Efficient Enclosure
HERS 85-90	HERS 70-80	HERS 65-75	HERS 55-65	HERS 48-55	HERS 35-45
IECC 2009	IECC 2012	ENERGY STAR v3	ENERGY STAR v3.1	ZERH	PHIUS+

Act 250 - Criterion 9 (F)

F) Energy conservation. A permit will be granted when it has been demonstrated by the applicant that, in addition to all other applicable criteria, the planning and design of the subdivision or development **reflect the principles of energy conservation, including reduction of greenhouse gas emissions from the use of energy, and incorporate the best available technology for efficient use or recovery of energy.** An applicant seeking an affirmative finding under this criterion shall provide evidence that the subdivision or development **complies with the applicable building energy standards** under 30 V.S.A. § 51 or 53, **including the stretch code** for residential buildings adopted pursuant to 30 V.S.A. §51(d).

Actual Energy Consumption Comparison of five Energy Star Homes, one Passive House and one Low Load



Source: Efficiency VT 2012

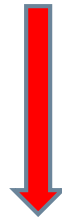
RBES Stretch Code is stuck !

ZERH Staircase

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF **ENERGY** | Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy



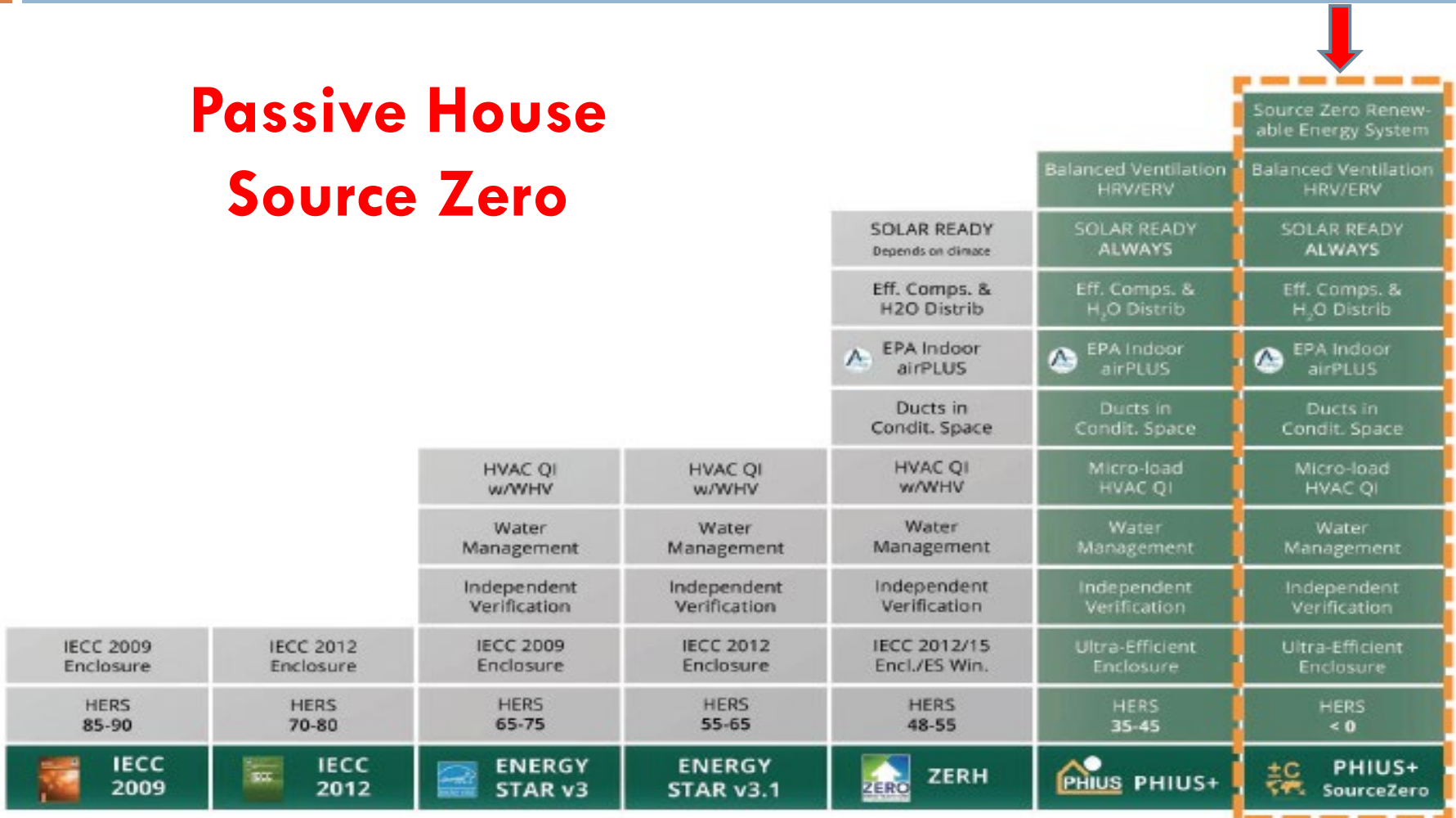
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Independent HERS Verif.	Independent HERS Verif.	HVAC QI with WHV	HVAC QI with WHV	Solar Ready	Solar Ready
IECC 2009 Enclosure	IECC 2012 Enclosure	Water Management	Water Management	Eff. Comps. & H ₂ O	Eff. Comps. & H ₂ O
HERS 85-90	HERS 70-80	Independent HERS Verif.	Independent HERS Verif.	EPA Indoor Air Package	EPA Indoor Air Package
IECC 2009	IECC 2012	IECC 2009 Enclosure	IECC 2012 Enclosure	Optimized Duct Location	Optimized Duct Location
		HERS 65-75	HERS 55-65	HVAC QI with WHV	HVAC QI plus HRV
		ENERGY STAR v3	ENERGY STAR v3.1	Water Management	Water Management
				Independent HERS Verif.	Independent PHIUS Verif.
				IECC 2012/15 Encl./ES Win.	Ultra-Efficient Enclosure
				HERS 48-55	HERS 35-45
				ZERH	PHIUS+

RBES should be here !

Passive House Source Zero



How long is it taking ?

From RBES 2015 Stretch Code to RBES 2020 Stretch Code the improvement is just 15 to 20% energy reduction

10 Years

???

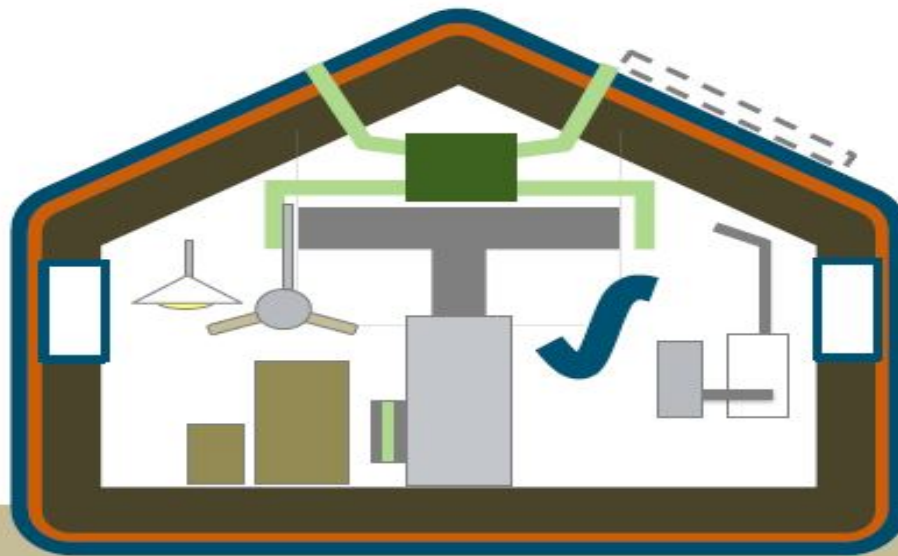
								Source Zero Renewable Energy System
							Balanced Ventilation HRV/ERV	Balanced Ventilation HRV/ERV
					SOLAR READY <small>Depends on climate</small>	SOLAR READY ALWAYS	SOLAR READY ALWAYS	SOLAR READY ALWAYS
					Eff. Comps. & H ₂ O Distrib	Eff. Comps. & H ₂ O Distrib	Eff. Comps. & H ₂ O Distrib	Eff. Comps. & H ₂ O Distrib
					EPA Indoor airPLUS	EPA Indoor airPLUS	EPA Indoor airPLUS	EPA Indoor airPLUS
					Ducts in Condit. Space	Ducts in Condit. Space	Ducts in Condit. Space	Ducts in Condit. Space
		HVAC QI w/WHV	HVAC QI w/WHV	HVAC QI w/WHV	HVAC QI w/WHV	Micro-load HVAC QI	Micro-load HVAC QI	Micro-load HVAC QI
		Water Management	Water Management	Water Management	Water Management	Water Management	Water Management	Water Management
		Independent Verification	Independent Verification	Independent Verification	Independent Verification	Independent Verification	Independent Verification	Independent Verification
IECC 2009 Enclosure	IECC 2012 Enclosure	IECC 2009 Enclosure	IECC 2012 Enclosure	IECC 2012/15 Encl./ES Win.	Ultra-Efficient Enclosure	Ultra-Efficient Enclosure	Ultra-Efficient Enclosure	Ultra-Efficient Enclosure
HERS 85-90	HERS 70-80	HERS 65-75	HERS 55-65	HERS 48-55	HERS 35-45	HERS 35-45	HERS < 0	HERS < 0
IECC 2009	IECC 2012	ENERGY STAR v3	ENERGY STAR v3.1	ZERH	PHIUS+ PHIUS+	PHIUS+ PHIUS+	PHIUS+ SourceZero	PHIUS+ SourceZero

Where does a Zero Energy Ready Building Start According to the DOE ?

Zero Starts with the Enclosure

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Energy Efficiency &
Renewable Energy



Optimized
Enclosure
System

Water
Protection
System

Optimized
Comfort
System

Complete
IAQ
System

Efficient
Comps
System

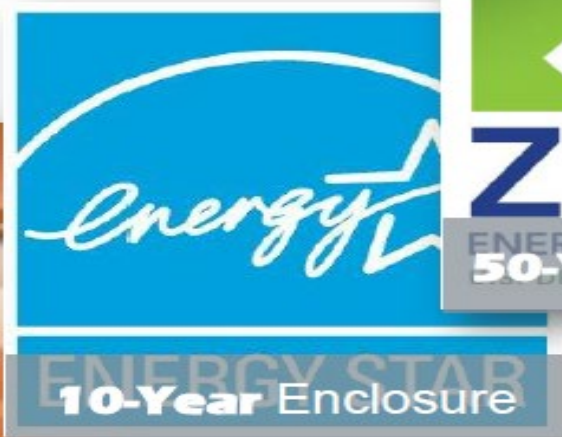
Solar
Ready
System

DOE's Recognition of the Passive House Standard

Consumer Choice Made Simple

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Energy Efficiency &
Renewable Energy

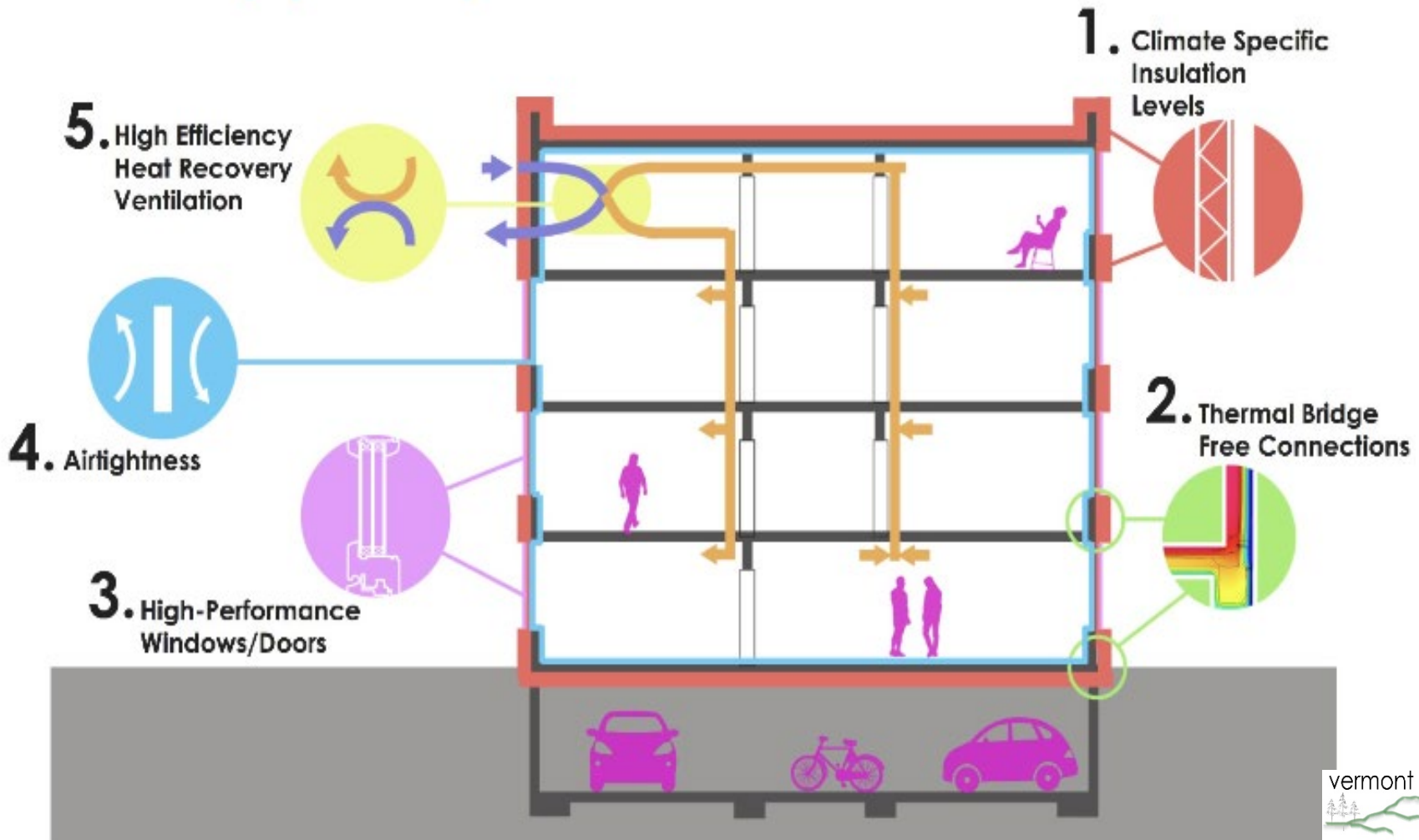


Efficiency VT's Multifamily Incentives for the Passive House Standard

Incentives	Energy modeling for building	50% of modeling cost (up to \$5,000) if conducted early in support of integrated design process; must include EVT Energy Consultant in process.
	Thermal Shell commissioning	50% of commissioning cost (up to \$5,000) if air leakage target is 0.10 cfm50/sq. ft. exterior building shell area or less
	Passive House	Additional \$300 per unit incentive for successful Passive House certification.

PASSIVE BUILDING PRINCIPLES

Five key principles:

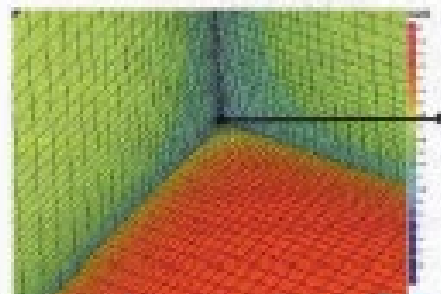
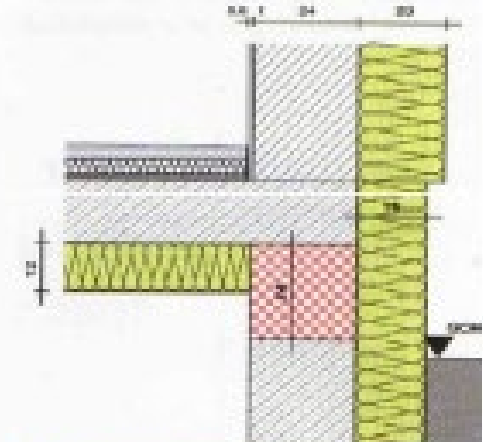
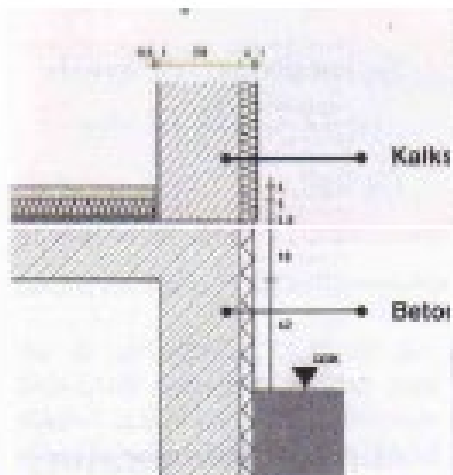


MINIMIZE LOSS:

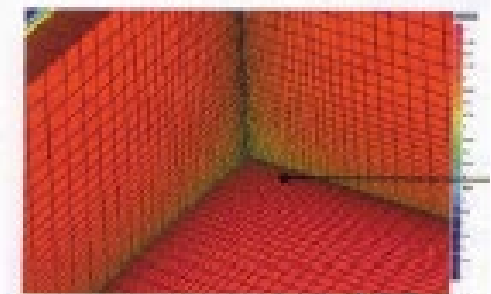
ELIMINATING THE THERMAL BRIDGE MINIMIZES HEAT LOSS CONDENSATION/BUILDING DETERIORATION

BAD = high heat loss + risk of
condensation

GOOD = low heat loss, warm
interior surface + no
condensation

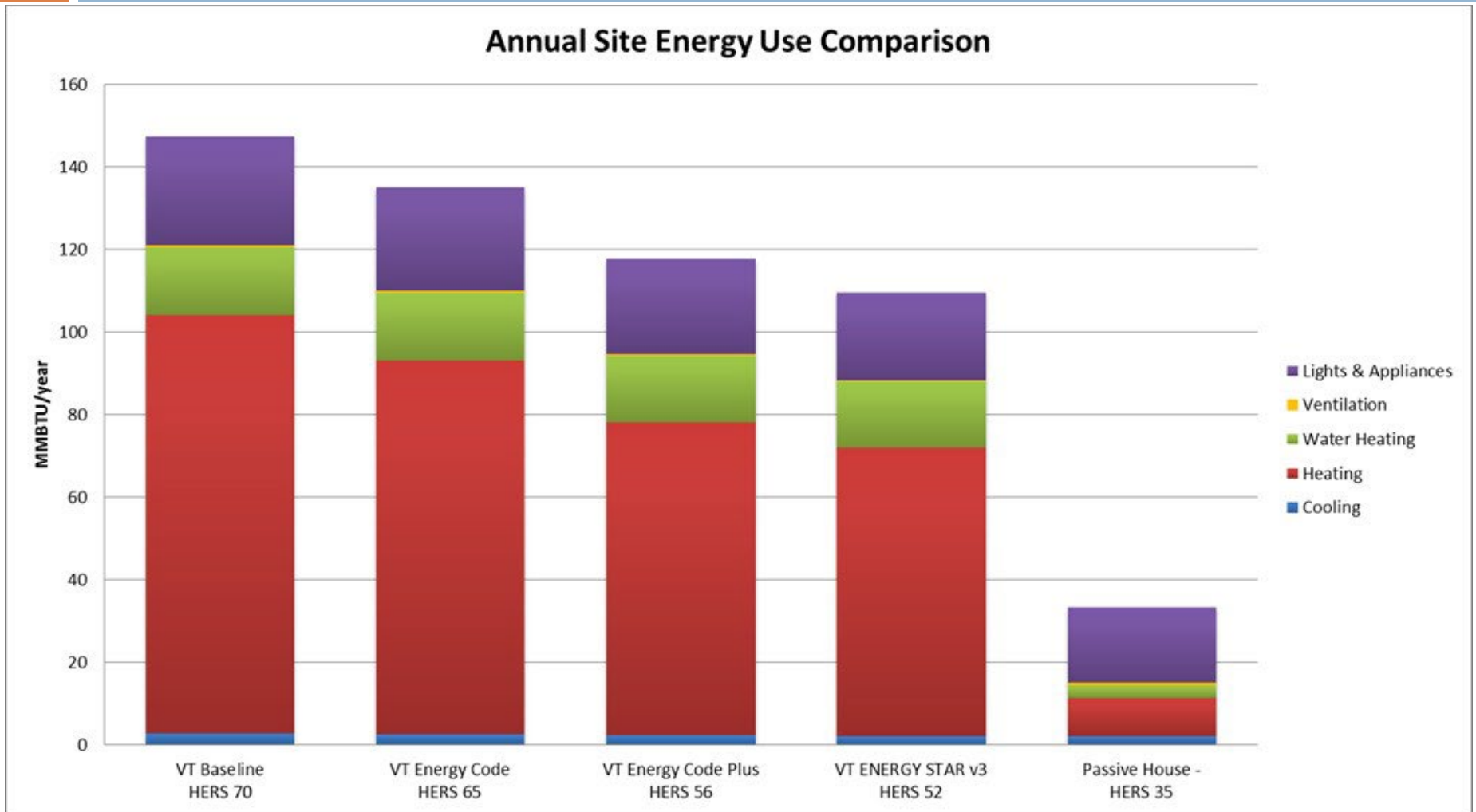


Minimum temperature 48 F below
dew-point, risk of condensation



Minimum temperature 58 F above
dew-point, no risk of condensation

Energy Usage Comparison



Source: Efficiency VT - 2012

How does it relate to other programs?

Energy Efficient Housing Concepts in the US:

- Vermont Energy Code (RBES): required for all new construction **but not enforced**
- Energy Star 3.0: DoE Program (30% more efficient than Code)
- Building America: DoE super energy savings Program (15% better than EStar)
- Passive House: **90% more efficient than VT RBES Code**
- 70% more efficient than Energy Star
- 55% more efficient than Building America

Can be cost equivalent to conventional building for single family and equal or less for multifamily and commercial construction.

Passive House Projects North East USA



Handel Architects

High Rise – Cornell-Tech - NYC



School

Portland ME



**Affordable Senior Housing
Milton VT**



**Affordable Housing
Brewer - ME**

East Harlem - NYC

East 111th Street development



- Mixed-use, 655 affordable apartments complex including
- Seniors' housing
 - Harlem RBI/Dream Charter School
 - YMCA facility
 - Mount Sinai Health Center
 - Urban Market & Retail Space
 - Public gardens
- Income from \$19,050 to \$106,080

Rendering Courtesy of Handel Architects

Village Center Apartments Brewer, ME



48 Affordable
Housing Units
51,778 SqFt Interior
Floor Area
1,2 & 3 Bedroom
units
3 common areas
1 dog washing room

\$135/sqft
construction cost

Village Center Apartments Brewer, ME



**Conventional
Double Stud-
Wall filled with
cellulose that
any builder can
build
Not Rocket
Science**

Gilford Village Knolls III

New Hampshire



**Multifamily
Affordable
Senior Housing
24 Units
20,571 ft²**

Twin Pines Housing – West Lebanon NH

Maclay Architects – Waitsfield VT



Tracy Street - Twin Pines Housing

AREA: 27,000 sf

Net Positive Energy

ILFI Net Zero Energy

PHIUS+ 2015

ENERGY INTENSITY: 25 kBtu/sf-yr (modeled)

Air Infiltration: 0.044 cfm50/sf (actual)

Solar PV array size: 180 kW

COMPLETION: 2019

Passive House Projects Vermont



**THIRD ANNUAL PASSIVE
PROJECTS COMPETITION
WINNERS!**

**ELM PLACE -
Best Overall
Passive Building
Winner**

Multifamily project category Winner
Affordable project category Honorable
Mention

2017 PHIUS Passive House Projects
Competition

**83% less energy for heating/cooling than
a conventional building**

@ only 2% more cost

Elm Place Senior Housing, Milton-VT

Passive House vs. Stretch Code 2020

Space heating	Heating demand	5.38	kBTU/(ft ² yr)
	Heating load	4.91	BTU/(hr.ft ²)
Primary energy	dehumidification, DHW, lighting, electrical appliances	59	kBTU/(ft ² yr)
Airtightness		0.7	ACH50

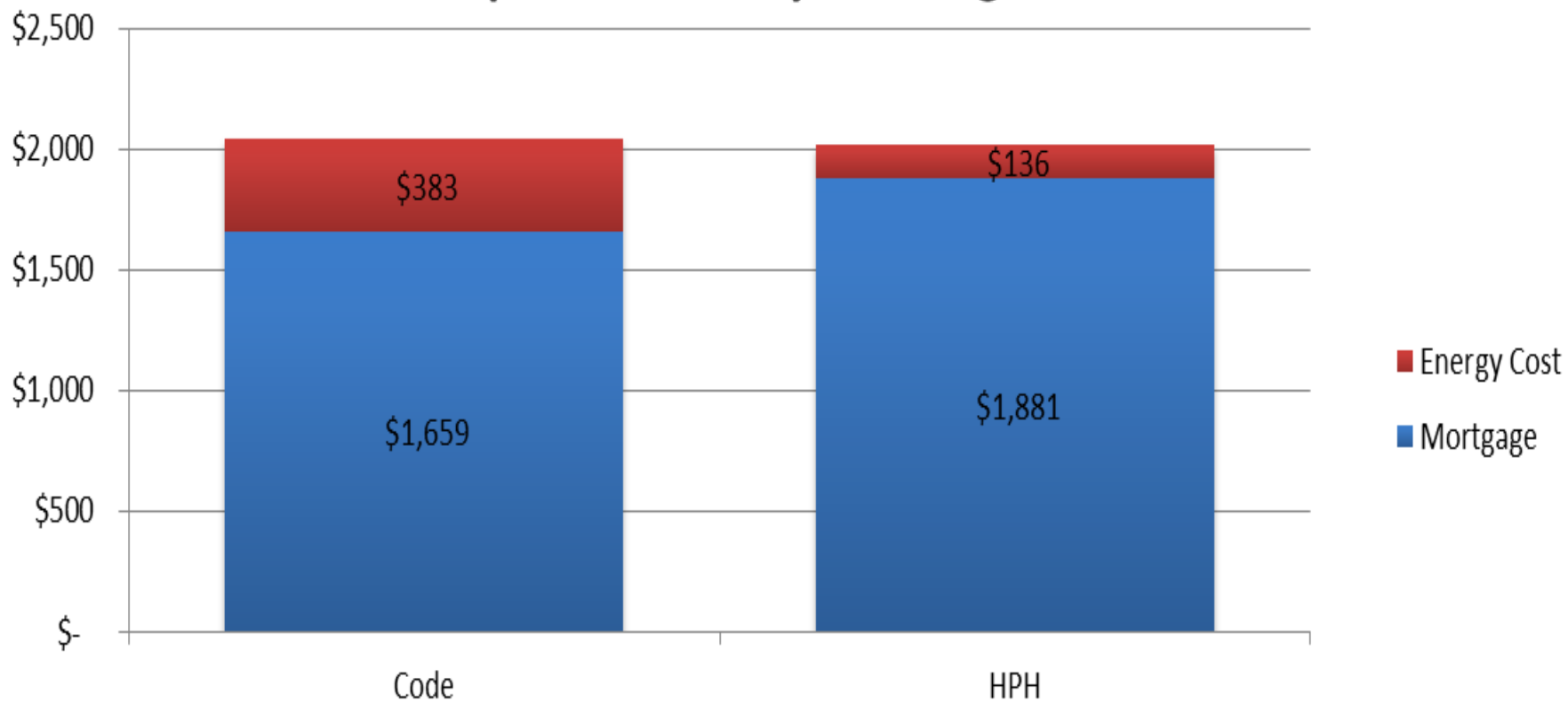
Passive House
68% better than
Stretch Code

Space heating	Heating demand	17.06	kBTU/(ft ² yr)
	Heating load	11.90	BTU/(hr.ft ²)
Primary energy	dehumidification, DHW, lighting, electrical appliances	75	kBTU/(ft ² yr)
Airtightness		3	ACH50

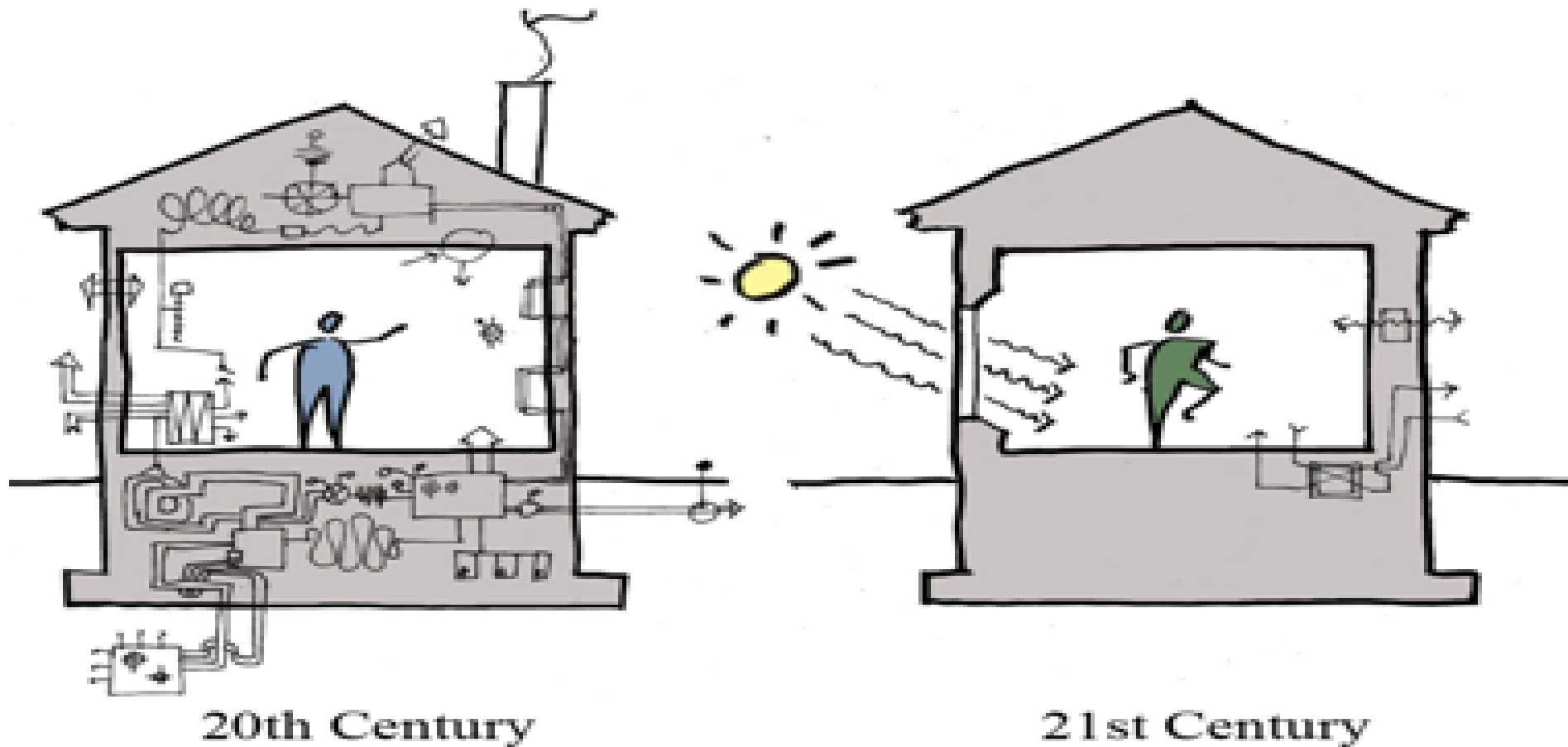
Stretch Code
217% More
Heating Demand
27% More Primary
Energy

Cost Analysis for High Performance Single Family Home

Snapshot Monthly Housing Cost



Passive House Moves Toward Simplicity





Economic Opportunities for VT

Bio Mass and Bio Fuels are not the Answer



We could turn our forest into carbon sequestration materials



LSL



Wood Fiber insulation Boards

Instead of



Pellets

=



+CO₂

There are lots of plant-based carbon-storing building materials



Timber



Wood Fiber Board



Cork




ReWall



Waste Textiles



Cellulose



Straw



Mycelium



Rice Hulls




Bamboo /
BamCore



Coconut Coir



Hemp OSB



+ more

Materials with negative embodied energy that can have a serious impact in reducing GHG emissions

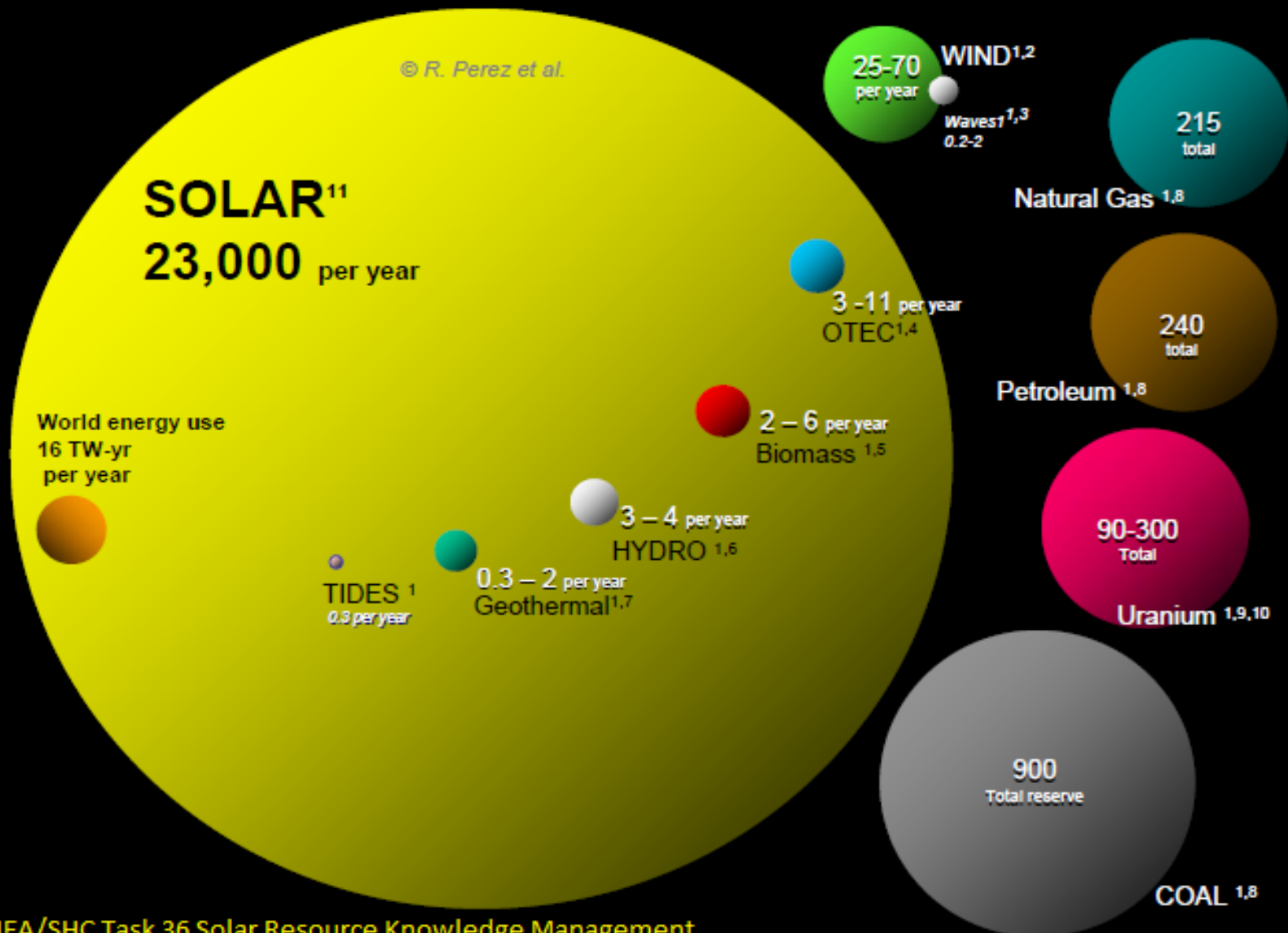


Figure 1: Comparing finite and renewable planetary energy reserves (Terawatt-years). Total recoverable reserves are shown for the finite resources. Yearly potential is shown for the renewables.

What We Have and What We Lack

- We have the science
- We have the craftsmanship
- We have of shelf materials and components
- **We lack legislation !**

VT Legislature's URGENT MISSION

VT Legislature must act now to reduce the energy waste and CO2 emissions related to buildings by:

- 1) Enacting legislation to require builders and contractors' registration
- 2) Requiring builders and contractors' certification
- 3) Boldly and immediately upgrading the VT building code RBES to Passive House levels of energy and carbon reductions
- 4) Designate an authority to enforce the newly adopted building code
- 5) Designate an authority for work verification

Recommendation: Edit 9 (F)

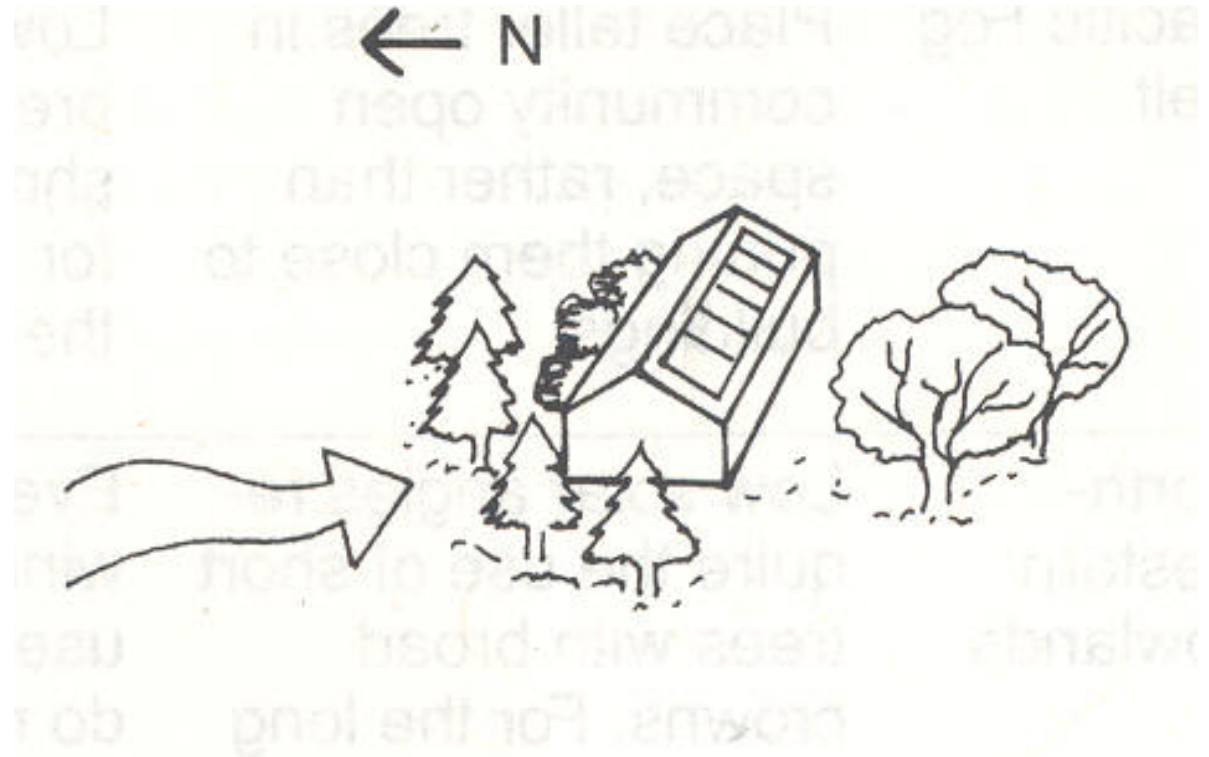
F) ... the planning and design of the subdivision or development reflect the principles of energy conservation, including reduction of greenhouse gas emissions from the use of energy **and high embodied energy building materials...**

...An applicant seeking an affirmative finding under this criterion shall provide evidence that the subdivision or development complies with the applicable building energy standards **of Passive House or DOE ZERH programs, which supersede the stretch code for residential buildings.**

Hazard Mitigation and Climate Adaptation

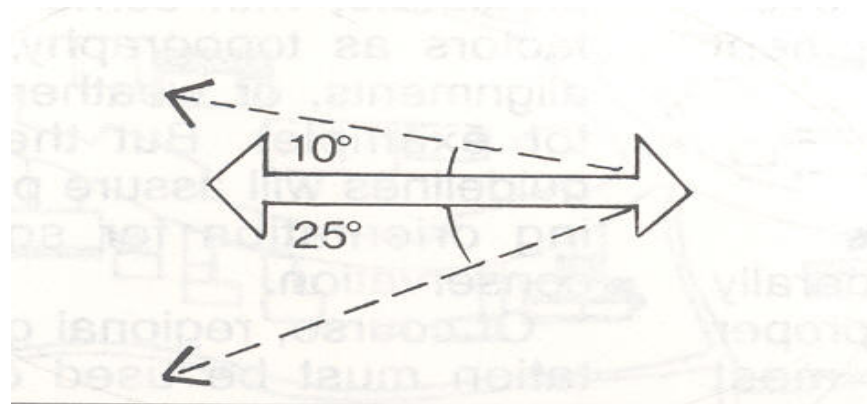
- VT's most common impact of extended power outages, from our summer and winter storms
- VT Dept of Health info on mortality increasing with extreme heat events
- *Combine those two bullets, with the thought of several days without power*
- **We need comfortable buildings, providing for passive heating and cooling!**

Encourage landscaping as a tool to maximize energy efficient heating and cooling



Street layout to maximize solar access

- In Vermont, the best street orientation, to maximize southern exposure for building design, is east-west
- This may have the greatest influence on -- sets the framework for -- lot and building layout.



Recommendation: Edit 9(M)

(M) Climate adaptation. The development or subdivision will employ building orientation, site and landscape design, and building design to maximize passive heating and cooling ~~and that are~~ sufficient to enable the improvements to be sited and constructed, including buildings, roads, and other infrastructure, to withstand and adapt to the effects of climate change, including extreme temperature events, wind, and precipitation reasonably projected at the time of application.

Thank you

vermont



passive house

Because we care about you saving money and living healthy, and care about the environment, our legacy and our future, we design and build **energy efficient buildings.**



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